Phase Diagram and Electrical Conductivity of the PrBr₃-CsBr Binary System

Leszek Rycerz^a, Ewa Ingier-Stocka^a, Madjid Berkani^b, and Marcelle Gaune-Escard^c

- ^a Chemical Metallurgy Group, Faculty of Chemistry, Wroclaw University of Technology, Wybrzeze Wyspianskiego 27, 50-370 Wroclaw, Poland
- b Laboratoire de Génie de l'Environnement, Département de Chimie, Faculté des Sciences Exactes, Université A. Mira Béjaïa 06000, Algérie
- ^c Ecole Polytechnique, IUSTI CNRS UMR 6595, Technopole de Chateau-Gombert, 5 rue Enrico Fermi.13453 Marseille Cedex 13, France

Reprint requests to M. G.-E.; E-mail: Marcelle.Gaune-Escard@polytech.univ-mrs.fr

Z. Naturforsch. **65a**, 859 – 864 (2010); received October 27, 2009

Phase equilibrium in the PrBr₃-CsBr binary system was established from Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC). This system has two compounds, Cs₃PrBr₆ and CsPr₂Br₇, and three eutectics located at molar fraction of PrBr₃ (x = 0.108; 850 K), (x = 0.453; 767 K), and (x = 0.757, 870 K), respectively. Cs₃PrBr₆ undergoes a solid-solid phase transition at 726 K and melts congruently at 1051 K. CsPr₂Br₇ undergoes a solid-solid phase transition at 835 K, and melts congruently at 896 K. The electrical conductivity of PrBr₃-CsBr liquid mixtures was measured down to temperatures below solidification over the whole composition range. Results obtained are discussed in term of possible complex formation.

Key words: Phase Diagram; Praseodymium Bromide; Cesium Bromide; Electrical Conductivity.